# Physics with Antiprotons: From Antihydrogen to the Top-Quark

- General survey on  $\overline{p}p$  reactions / History
- From TeV to meV
  - Discovery of the Top-Quark
  - Discovery of  $W^{\pm}, Z^{0}$
  - High precision measurements in the  $(c\overline{c})$  system
  - Physics at LEAR
    - Low and medium energy  $\overline{p}N$  interactions
    - Antiprotonic X-ray measurements
    - $\overline{p}$  nucleus interactions
    - T/CP/CPT tests
    - Meson/Exotics Spectroscopy
    - Physics with trapped antiprotons
    - Antihydrogen
- Conclusions



Historical Survey on experiments with Antiprotons			
1955:	1955: Discovery of the antiproton @ Bevatron/Berkeley		
1960-1990:	Experiments with conventional, secondary beams @ CERN, BNL, KEK, Serpukhov,		
	Bubble chamber experiments:	Very precise, but low statistics	
		Several meson-resonances firstly seen in	
		$\overline{p}p$ -annihilation reactions, others confirmed	
	Electronic detectors:	More data on rare channels, Discovery of $\overline{p}$ -atoms	
		Search for resonant and deeply bound	
		NN-states (Baryonium)	
1972-1986: Invention of stochastic cooling, ICE-Test facility, SPSC-Project/CERN			
1983-1984: Formation of <i>c</i> c-states at ISR			
1983: Discovery of $W^{\pm}$ , $Z^{0}$ @ SPSC (UA1, UA2 - Detectors)			
1984-1996:	LEAR: $\overline{N}N$ interaction, Mes	on/Exotics-spectroscopy,	
	$\overline{p}$ -Nucleus interactio	ns, Exotic atoms ( <i>pp, pHe</i> ),	
	T/CP-violation in K <sup>0</sup> ,	$\overline{K}^{0}$ -decay, Trapped Antiprotons	
1985- :	1985- : Tevatron at FNAL		
1996-2000:	1996-2000: <i>c</i> c-Spectroscopy at Fermilab		
1996-1997: First $\overline{H}$ signal at LEAR and Fermilab			
1995: Discovery of the top-quark at Fermilab			
2000: Physics with AD			
? HESR			



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# $c\overline{c}$ -Spectroscopy (1)

### $\bar{c}c$ -system (QCD) corresponds to $e^+e^-$ -system (QED)

### $e^+e^-$ - collisions



### Drawback:

Only  $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$  states are directly produced in  $e^+e^-$ Other states are only visible in  $\gamma$ -transitions,

e.g.  $\chi_1, \chi_2, \chi_0, \eta_c, \eta'_c,...$ 

 $\angle$  Data with moderate mass resolution



# $c\overline{c}$ -Spectroscopy (2)

### Experimental method

Scan with  $\overline{p}$ -beam with adjustable momenta (3.4 - 6.3 GeV/c)



 $\sigma(\overline{p}p \rightarrow (c\overline{c}) \rightarrow e^+e^-,..) \approx nb \rightarrow pb$ Background:

 $\sigma_{\textit{Tot}} = 50 \textit{mb} \rightarrow \textit{Trigger on } e^+e^-, \ \mu^+\mu^-, \ \gamma\gamma,..$ 

Resonance parameters from excitation curve Critical:

Excellent knowledge of beam energy Very good  $\overline{p}$ -beam energy resolution (O ~ 10<sup>-4</sup>)

Experiments:

CERN/ISR: R 704 (Demonstration of method)

Fermilab/p-Cooler-Ring (≤ 8 GeV/c): E 760, E 835

Many beautiful results

But: Much is to be done

- Search for missing states
- Specific decay modes



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Low and medium energy  $\overline{p}p(n)$  - Reactions (2)

## Interpretation of data (Elastic + CEX)

Often in terms of a potential-model

Real part (Long range):No problem, Meson-exchange picture<br/>(G-parity transformation from  $V_{NN}$ )Real part (Short range):Problem ! Annihilation region<br/>Several (phenomenological) ansaetze:

-  $q\overline{q}$  - interactions

- Cut - off parameters

Imaginary part: Short range strong absorption (annihilation)

#### Resumee:

Good description of data, but not from first principles





# Low and medium energy $\overline{p}p(n)$ - Reactions (3)

Annihilation Reactions Global picture:

> $\sigma_{ann}(E)$ , Multiplicities, Dominant at threshold  $((\overline{p}p)_{Atom})$

#### Interpretation of Data

Hot gas model ( $T \approx 100 \; MeV$ )  $\frac{dN}{dE}(\pi^{\pm}) \text{ of } \overline{p}p \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} + X$ 





Isospin statistical model (Pais)

 $\sigma(\overline{p}p \rightarrow n\pi) \propto n_{\pi^{+}} ! n_{\pi^{-}} ! n_{\pi^{0}} ! (n = n_{\pi^{+}} + n_{\pi^{-}} + n_{\pi^{0}})$ 

Threshold Dominance model (Vandermeulen), Valid up to 3.5 GeV/c BR (non strange meson pair) =  $p \cdot C_{ab} \exp \left[ -A \left( E_{cm}^2 - (m_a + m_b)^2 \right)^{1/2} \right]$ 

Production Rate the higher the higher the mass of a, b Annihilation prefers to produce mass, not energy

# Low and medium energy $\overline{p}p(n)$ - Reactions (4)

## Specific annihilation channels

## Many data at rest $\rightarrow$ BR's

- Dynamical selection rules
- Strong OZI violations

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Few data in flight:

\overline{p}p \rightarrow \pi^{+}\pi^{-}, \pi^{0}\pi^{0} (up to 20 \overline{p} - momenta)

Angular distributions change rapidly with

\overline{p} - momentum

4 Dominating partial waves

(Resonances in Formation processes)

Recent results:

\overline{p}p \rightarrow \omega \pi^{0}, \omega \eta, \omega \omega, \pi^{0} \eta \eta (9 \overline{p} - momenta)
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Unambiguous analysis



Low and medium energy  $\overline{p}p(n)$  - Reactions (5)

Particularly well investigated:  $\overline{p}p \to \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}, \overline{\Sigma}^0 \Lambda, \overline{\Sigma}^- \Sigma^-, \Sigma^+ \Sigma^+$ 

Measured quantities:

 $\sigma(p_{\overline{p}}), \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$ , Polarisations (Self analyzing decay),

Spin - Correlations, Spin Transfer

Observations:

- Strong p wave contribution near threshold
- $\Lambda$  and  $\overline{\Lambda}$  spins are aligned to S = 1 (Reflection of  $s\overline{s}$  in the nucleon?)  $d\sigma$
- $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$  strongly forward peaked



Low and medium energy  $\overline{p}p(n)$  - Reactions (6)

Interpretation of data Only possible (yet) in terms of models (Highly non perturbative QCD-sector)

Meson/Baryon - exchange picture Exchange of  $\pi$ , K, Baryons (Single or multiple)

Quark/Gluon - picture Quark Line Rule *SU*(3) - Symmetry Quark Rearrangement/Quark Annihilation (<sup>3</sup>*P*<sub>0</sub>, <sup>3</sup>*S*<sub>1</sub>-Vertices) Polarized intrinsic Strangeness

Resumee: Data can be well described by models. Observables sensitive on nucleon structure (*s*<del>s</del>-content, Diquarks,...). Differentiation between models needs more and better data.



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Pulsed excimer-pumped tunable Dye-Laser Resonant enhancement of annihilation,  $\Delta\lambda/\lambda_0 = 0.5 \ ppm$ 



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## $\overline{p}$ -induced nuclear reactions

### p<sub>stop</sub>:

Interaction only with nuclear periphery

Discrimination between  $\overline{p}n$  and  $\overline{p}p$  annihilations in single nucleon interactions (quite rare)

Identification of residual nuclei from  $\gamma$ -ray spectra  $\rightarrow N(\overline{p}n)/N(\overline{p}p)$ 



Bulk annihilation, Heating of nuclei to  $\geq$  800 *MeV*, Soft heating  $\Rightarrow$  No dramatic density increase, No violent collective effects (High-Spins, Deformation), Formation of five pions in average ( $\triangle$ -matter ?) Experimental results:

1 GeV: Particle spectra in good agreement with INC-calculations, Fission important, No Multi-Fragmentation

8 GeV (ideal energy): INC-model works, Higher particle multiplicities than in  $\pi$ -induced reactions, Multi-Fragmentation observed

# CP/T/CPT - Tests (1)

CP-Lear: Investigation of CP-/T-/CPT-symmetries in the neutral Kaon system

- Measurement of time dependent decay asymmetries for the main  $K^0$ ,  $\overline{K}^0$ -decay modes
- Tagging of Strangeness of  $K^0$ ,  $\overline{K}^0$  at production time  $(\overline{p}p \rightarrow \frac{K^{\bar{}}\pi^{+}K^0}{K^{\bar{}}\pi^{-}\overline{K}^0})$
- Tagging of Strangeness of  $K^0$ ,  $\overline{K}^0$  at decay time  $0 \le t \le 20\tau_S (K^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ v_e, \overline{K}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \overline{v}_e, \Delta S = \Delta Q)$ (For semileptonic decays only)

$$\mathcal{K}^{0}(t) = a_{L}^{-} | \mathcal{K}_{S} \rangle e^{-i\gamma_{S}t} + a_{S}^{-} | \mathcal{K}_{L} \rangle e^{-i\gamma_{L}t}$$
$$\overline{\mathcal{K}}^{0}(t) = a_{L}^{+} | \mathcal{K}_{S} \rangle e^{-i\gamma_{S}t} - a_{S}^{+} | \mathcal{K}_{L} \rangle e^{-i\gamma_{L}t}$$
$$\gamma_{S,L} = m_{S,L} - \frac{i}{2}\Gamma_{S,L}$$
$$a_{S,L}^{\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (1 \pm \varepsilon_{S,L})$$

$$\varepsilon_{s\perp} = \varepsilon \pm \delta$$

 $\varepsilon \neq 0$ : T and CP violation  $\delta \neq 0$ : T and CPT violation



Measurement of asymmetries 
$$A(t) = \frac{R(\overline{K}^0 \to f) - R(K^0 \to f)}{R(\overline{K}^0 \to f) + R(K^0 \to f)}$$
  $f = \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^0 \pi^0, \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Parameters of CP-violation:  $|\eta_+|, \phi_{+-}$  (Best Value !),  $|\eta_{00}|, \phi_{00}, ...$ 



# Meson/Exotics-Spectroscopy (1)

Mesons/Mesonic resonances:  $q\overline{q}$ 

- Exotics: Glueballs (gg, ggg), Hybrids (**q**qg) Multi quark-states (**q**qqq, ...) (Exotic q.-n. combinations, like J<sup>PC</sup> = 1<sup>-+</sup>, ...)
- $\bar{p}p$  annihilation:
- Production mode ( $E_{\overline{p}}$  fixed)

e.g. 
$$\overline{p}p \to (\pi^{+}\pi^{-})_{\rho} \pi^{0}$$
  
 $\to (\eta\eta)_{f_{0}(1500)} \pi^{0}$   
 $\to ((\pi^{+}\pi^{-})_{\rho} (\pi^{+}\pi^{-})_{\rho})_{f_{0}(1500)} \pi^{0}$ 

[Unique feature:  $\overline{p}_{stop} \rightarrow (\overline{p}p)_{atom}$  as initial state]

- Formation mode ( $E_{\overline{p}}$  varied)

e.g.  $\overline{p}p \rightarrow \xi$ (2220)  $\rightarrow \phi \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^+ K^-$ 

## Mass/Width determination: Invariant masses (Dalitz Plot)

 $\mathcal{J}^{PC}$  determination: Partial wave analysis (Angular distribution)

 $p_{\text{max}}$  (LEAR) = 1.94 GeV/c  $\Rightarrow$  Masses < 2.3 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>



# Meson/Exotics-Spectroscopy (2)

Experiments  $\rightarrow$  High statistics and clean data, mostly on  $\overline{p}_{stop}$ Results:

# $\bar{p}_{stop}$ :

- Most of the already known light mesons very clearly seen
- Discovery of new states, particularly with  $\mathcal{J}^{\text{PC}}{=}\,0^{\scriptscriptstyle +{\scriptscriptstyle +}}$
- Confirmation of two states with exotic quantum numbers  $(1^{-+})$
- at 1400 and 1600  $MeV/c^2$ .

Clarification of the  $0^{-+}$ -sector (1400-1500 MeV/c<sup>2</sup>) (E/i)

## **P**Higher momenta:

- Fixed momentum: Confirmation of results obtained with  $\overline{p}_{stop}$ 
  - Interesting structures at Fermilab (8 GeV/c)
- $\overline{p}$  scan: High sensitivity scans in the  $\overline{p}p$  -threshold region ( $\rightarrow$  No narrow Baryonium states above or below threshold)
  - Coarse scans at a few higher momenta (Not finished)

Interpretation of results:

Evidence for exotic (gluonic) states

For further clarification more and accurate data @ higher energies needed.



see

before



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# Conclusions

 $\overline{p}p$  reactions very useful for investigations in many areas of particle and nuclear physics

Annihilation process has no restrictions in quantum numbers and is gluon rich, so that conventional and exotic quark/gluon states are easily produced

Experiments with antiprotons are easily performed, as antiprotons can be cooled down (tiny primary vertex, detectable secondary vertices)

The physics with antiprotons has just started. Look ahead to HESR!